

NJ Residents with a Positive COVID-19 Test: Instructions & Next Steps

Question	Instructions
<p>I tested positive for COVID-19. What should I do now?</p>	<p>If you tested positive, you must stay at home and self-isolate. This means stay in a different bedroom from others in your home, and if possible, use a separate bathroom. You must self-isolate until 1 full day (or 24 hours) has passed since you had a fever without the use of fever-reducing medications AND other symptoms are greatly improved AND at least 10 days have passed since your symptoms started, or, if you had no symptoms, stay home 10 days after getting tested.</p> <p>If you live with other people and they were not tested, they should keep their distance from you. This includes not eating meals together and not sitting around the house together. Practice social distancing as much as is possible (stay at least 6 feet from each other). Wear a cloth or disposable mask when in public.</p>
<p>What should the people who live in my home know/do?</p>	<p>If they are symptomatic (sick; have COVID-19 symptoms), they should also isolate for 1 full day (or 24 hours) until they are fever-free without the use of fever-reducing medications AND other symptoms are greatly improved AND at least 10 days have passed since getting tested. If the symptoms are mild, they should recover at home. If the symptoms worsen and a medical evaluation is needed, call health care provider. Consider getting a viral COVID-19 test to see if you are currently infected.</p> <p>If they are asymptomatic (not sick; have no COVID-19 symptoms), they should quarantine* AFTER the sick person in the household's isolation period ends. If the asymptomatic person develops symptoms, they should follow the isolation instructions above. Symptoms may take 2-14 days to appear. It is important to monitor their health long enough to ensure they do not develop symptoms. Consider getting a viral COVID-19 test to see if you are currently infected.</p>
<p>What is the difference between mild and moderate symptoms?</p>	<p>Mild symptoms are when you feel unwell but can stay home and manage at home. Most people with mild symptoms can recover from home. See above for how long you should stay home/isolate. Moderate symptoms are those where you may need a medical evaluation from your health care provider. If your symptoms worsen over time and do not get better, especially if you have trouble breathing, call your health care provider to determine next steps.</p>
<p>Should I tell other people that they may have been exposed to the COVID-19 virus?</p>	<p>Those who have been closest to you for a prolonged period of time are going to be at highest risk. Household members and others with whom you spent time (more than 15 minutes over a 24-hour period) within 6 feet of you, or shared a meal, would be at increased risk and should be advised to quarantine* at home AFTER your, or any sick household member's, isolation period ends. If the asymptomatic person develops symptoms, they should follow the isolation instructions above.</p> <p>People who you did not spend a prolonged period of time (less than 15 minutes over a 24-hour period) and were more than 6 feet away are at lower risk. This would include people that you may have been in an indoor space. They should monitor their health; no restrictions about where they go. They should wash hands often, practice social distancing and wear a mask. If possible, you should notify individuals above regarding your illness. Work or school supervisors may be informed to help with this process. People who you may have casually come into contact with (e.g., passed by in the hall, briefly spent time within a room, shared a short elevator ride), are not considered to be at risk and do not need to be contacted.</p>

*CDC quarantine info: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/if-you-are-sick/quarantine.html>