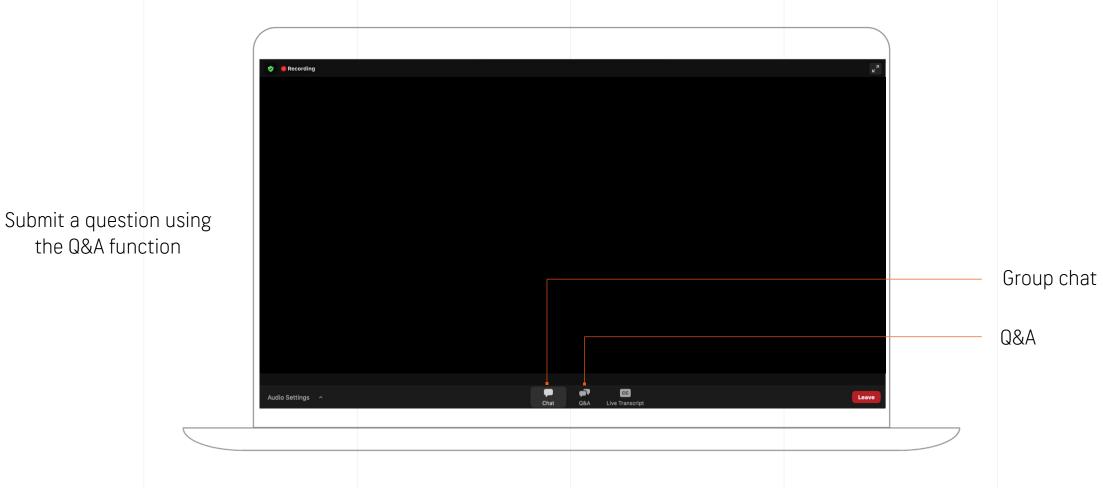


2021 Wildfire Season: Is your business prepared?

Geoff Cornish, On-Air Meteorologist, AccuWeather Network

Thomas Bedard, Implementation Manager, Meteorologist

How Zoom Webinars Work



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Meet the speakers



Geoff Cornish

On-Air Meteorologist, AccuWeather Network



Thomas Bedard Implementation Manager, Meteorologist



Another Active Year: 2021 Wildfire Season Forecast

Geoff Cornish — Meteorologist / Senior TV Broadcaster, The AccuWeather Network

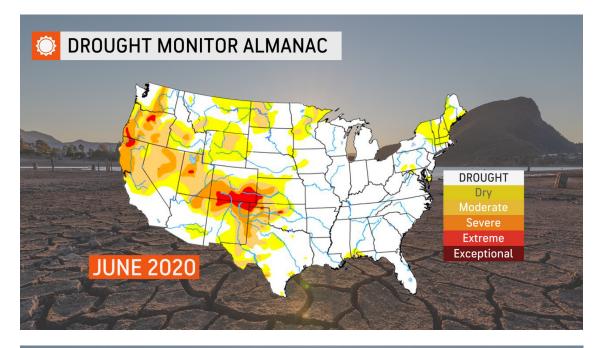
Fire Weather Influences

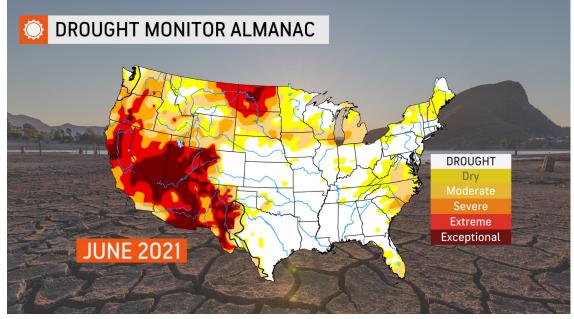
- Fuel: Vegetation... density, moisture content, plant species
- **Relative humidity:** Temperature rises = relative humidity drops (if no moisture added)
- Wind: Increases fire spread
- Terrain: Mountains / canyons with limited access bring much greater risk than flatland
- Thunderstorms: Dry lightning, erratic winds
- Other considerations: Recent fires in same area, population growth, human behavior



"Wet Season" in the West was Very Dry

- More than 80% of California's annual precipitation falls between November and early April
- Consistent with La Niña expectations last winter, Southwest remained very dry
- Drought increased significantly across Southwest
- Over 93% of West in drought status worst since U.S. Drought Monitor took its current form about 20 years ago
- Very dry vegetation





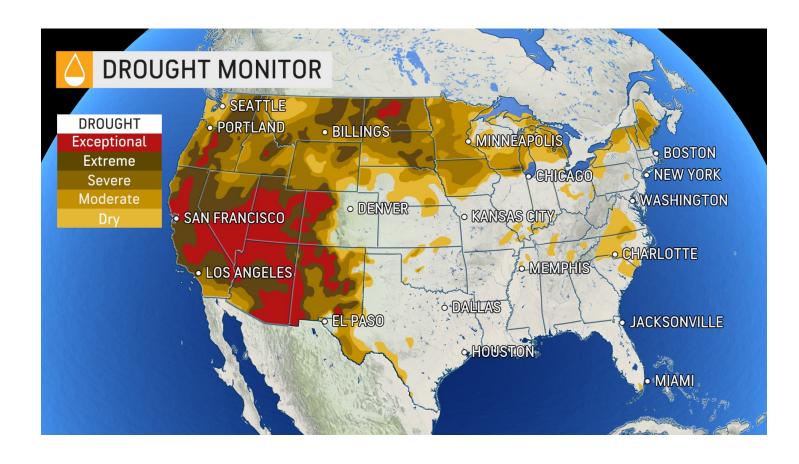
Wet Season Underperformed

- Limited snow cover, faster decline in spring snow cover in Sierra
- Desert Southwest ended with less than 30% of normal rainfall... (greater than 70% shortcoming)



Current State of Drought Monitor

- Virtually entire Southwest classified as under Extreme or Exceptional Drought
- Much of Northwest is also facing a Moderate, Severe or Extreme Drought Status



Early-Season Fire Activity

- Despite the dry conditions, acreage burned to date is slightly below average
- Forecast: We will likely see a significant increase in the late summer and fall

Wildfires to Date: 2021

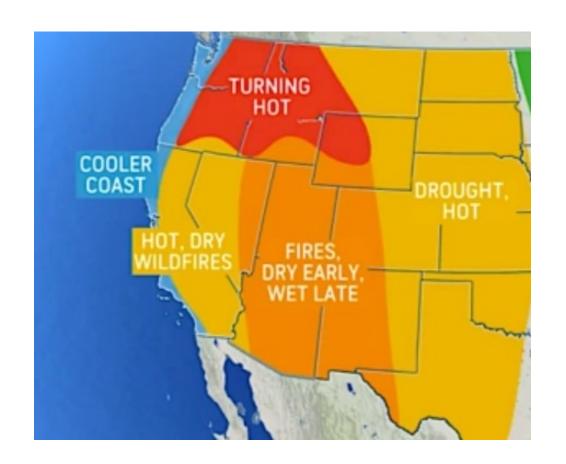
Year-to-date	statistics
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2021 (1/1/21-7/13/21)	Fires: 33,953	Acres: 2,061,054
2020 (1/1/20-7/13/20)	Fires: 27,770	Acres: 1,687,412
2019 (1/1/19-7/13/19)	Fires: 22,327	Acres: 2,057,236
2018 (1/1/18-7/13/18)	Fires: 32,957	Acres: 3,321,999
2017 (1/1/17-7/13/17)	Fires: 33,920	Acres: 3,981,431
2016 (1/1/16-7/13/16)	Fires: 28,992	Acres: 2,404,740
2015 (1/1/15-7/13/15)	Fires: 31,469	Acres: 4,929,076
2014 (1/1/14-7/13/14)	Fires: 29,056	Acres: 1,039,206
2013 (1/1/13-7/13/13)	Fires: 24,674	Acres: 2,001,663
2012 (1/1/12-7/13/12)	Fires: 32,072	Acres: 3,329,120
2011 (1/1/11-7/13/11)	Fires: 39,888	Acres: 5,809,004
10-year <mark>average Year-to-Date</mark>		
2011-2020	Fires: 29,837	Acres: 2,940,721

Source: National Interagency Fire Center

Mid / Late Summer Forecast

- Ridge in West promotes more western heat & dryness
- Gradual increase in monsoon moisture in Four Corners Region into August
- Little / no hope for meaningful California rain until mid/late Fall



AccuWeather Forecast

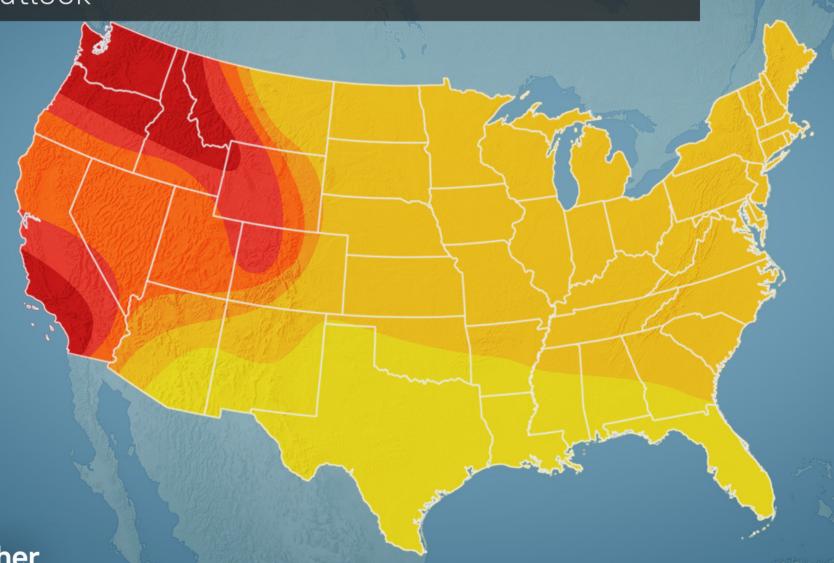
9.5 million acres burned in 2021 (30% to 40% above average)





WHEN SIGNIFICANT FIRE THREAT BEGINS

2021 Outlook



MONTH
August
July
June
May
April

APRIL 26, 2021

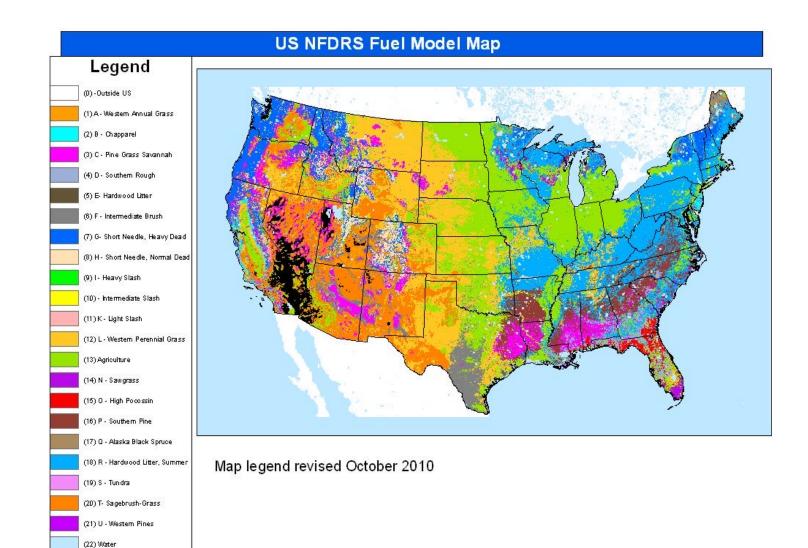


Great Range in Risk

Significant differences in vegetation

- Terrain varies greatly
- Highest risk: Urban / Rural Interface Map courtesy: US Forestry Service

(23) Barren (24) Marsh

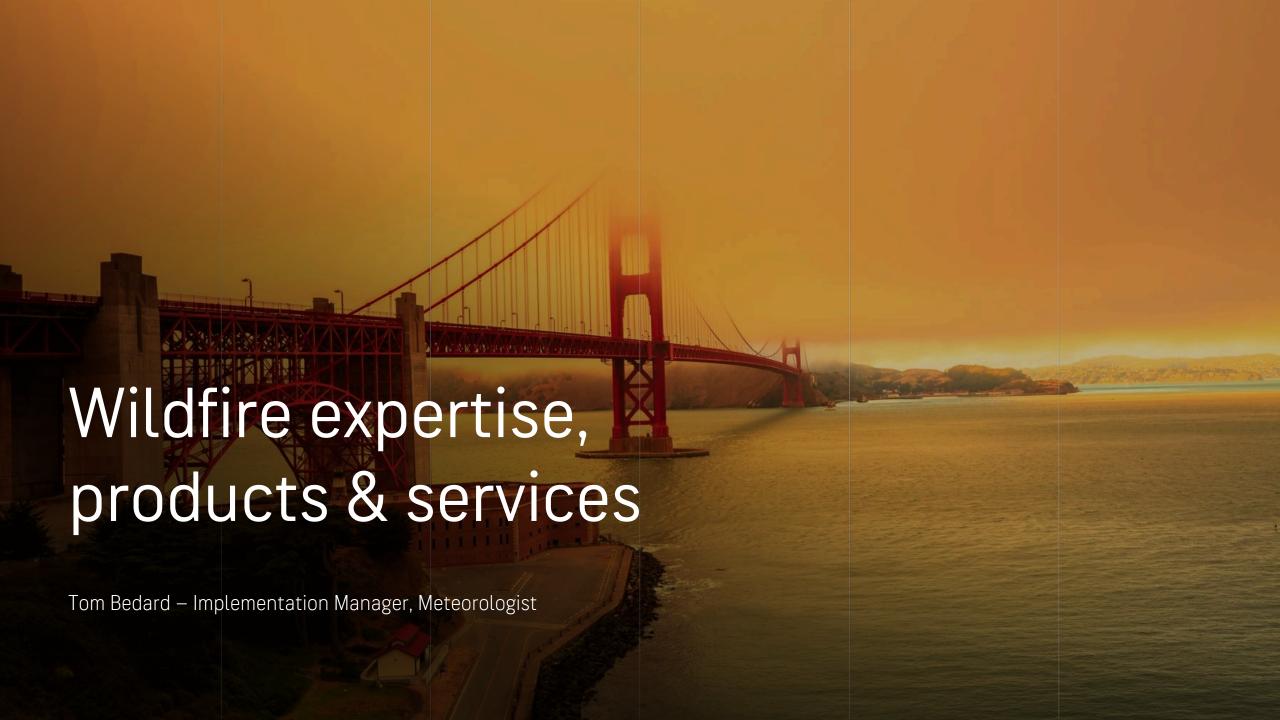


Air Quality

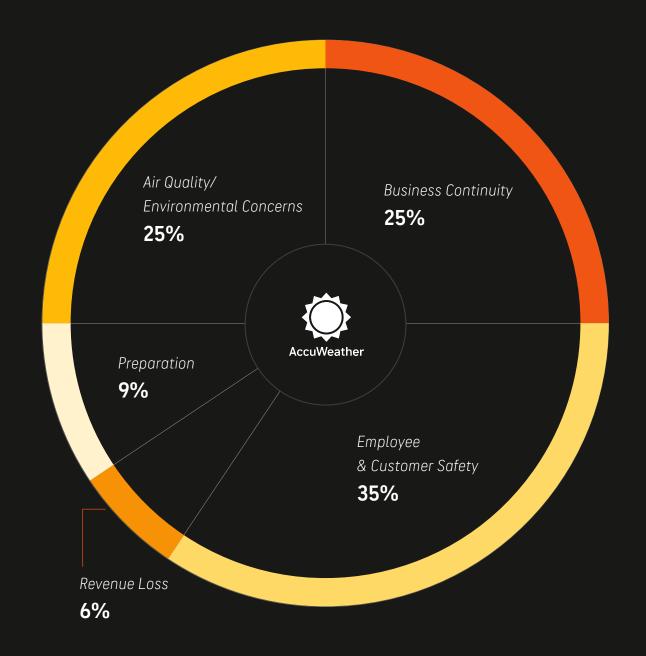
- Very frequently, this is the greatest real-world impact of fires for those in populated places (San Joaquin / Central Valley, etc.)
- Inversions (layer of warm air aloft) can trap stale air near ground, leading to prolonged trouble in valleys
- Strong winds scour smoke away but increase fire danger







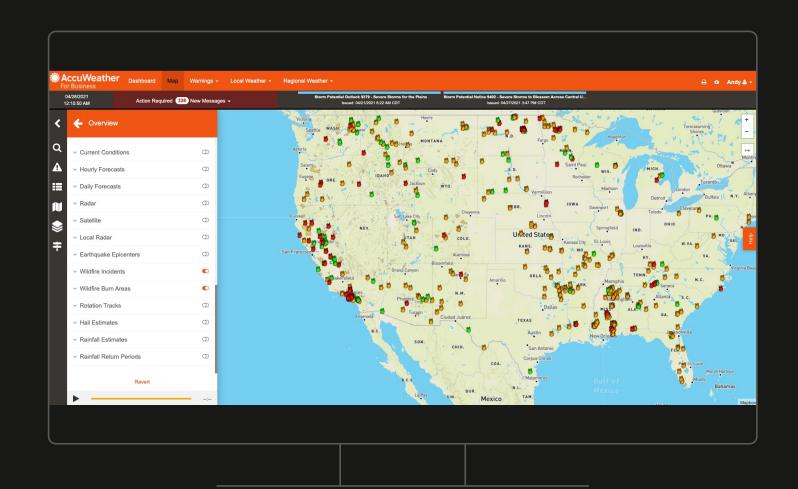
What's your biggest concern for wildfire season?



Wildfire Proximity Alerts

First Alert that a wildfire exists within 10 miles of your asset location(s)

- Supported by state-of-the-art technology
- Meteorologists are prepared to provide briefing on atmospheric conditions 24/7/365
- Streamline emergency activations and reduce disruptions



How Wildfire Proximity Alerts work

Minute 0 —

Minute 20 —

Minute 23 —

Minute 25 — Minute 30 —

Fire Ignition

Satellite Data

Automation

Expert Analysis

First Alert

A wildfire has ignited

Fire has become hot enough to be detected satellite and AccuWeather has received the data AccuWeather automatically locates fire hot spots within satellite data to support internal alert capabilities

Meteorologists evaluate hot spot threats to determine if wildfire exists

Client receives Wildfire
Proximity Alert and response
procedures can begin











Next Steps

Wildfire Proximity notifications will launch Fall 2021, here's how you can be ready:

- Request a tabletop exercise to simulate how our service would protect your operations
- Meet with a meteorologist to review your emergency action & business interruption plans for natural hazards
- Demo our SkyGuard Warning and live meteorologist consultation service





Thank you

Contact us to learn more about all the ways you can partner with AccuWeather.

Contact us at afb@accuweather.com.

