



Keyboard Sampler

Augsburg Fortress Summer 2020 Music Clinics

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O Sacred Head, Now Wounded

Sw: Bourdon 8', Viole 8', Celeste 8'
Gt: Principal 8', Flute 8'
Ch: Flute 8', Celeste 8'
Ped: Bourdon 16'; Ch/Ped.

HERZLICH TUT MICH VERLANGEN
setting, Roberta Rowland-Raybold

$\text{♩} = 66$

Ch. *mp*

Sw.

(Ch.)

p

Ch.

This musical score is for the hymn 'O Sacred Head, Now Wounded'. It features a Chorus part (Ch.) and a Swell part (Sw.). The Chorus part begins with a tempo marking of 66 beats per minute and a dynamic of mezzo-piano (mp). The Swell part is marked with a crescendo hairpin. The score is written for a four-part setting, with the Chorus part in the upper voice and the Swell part in the lower voice. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major/D minor) and the time signature is 4/4.

Tune: German melody, c. 1500; adapt. Hans Leo Hassler, 1564–1612
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The Road to Resurrection, by Roberta Rowland-Raybold, ISBN 978-1-5064-6612-5
Published by Augsburg Fortress. Printed in U.S.A.

Sw.

Gt.

Gt. *mf*

This musical score continues the hymn 'O Sacred Head, Now Wounded'. It features a Swell part (Sw.) and a Guitar part (Gt.). The Swell part is marked with a crescendo hairpin. The Guitar part begins with a dynamic of mezzo-forte (mf). The score is written for a four-part setting, with the Swell part in the upper voice and the Guitar part in the lower voice. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major/D minor) and the time signature is 4/4.



Through the Night of Doubt and Sorrow

Man. and Ped: Plenum

EBENEZER
 setting, Roberta Rowland-Raybold

$\text{♩} = 94$

Gt. *mp*

(Gt.) *mf* Sw.

dim.

Tune: Thomas J. Williams, 1869–1944
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Gt. *mp* (Sw.)

Sw.

Gt. *mf* (Sw.)

Day of Arising

Sw: Soft 8', Tremulant
 Gt: Flute 8', Celeste 8'
 Ped: Soft 16', 8'

RAABE
 setting, Roberta Rowland-Raybold

$\text{♩} = 80$

Sw. *p*

Gt.

(Sw.)

Gt. *mp* *rit.*

Tune: Carl F. Schalk, b. 1929; copyright © 1999 Augsburg Fortress. All rights reserved.
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mf

Sw. *mp*

+Oct. 4'

Gt.

(Sw.)

-Oct. 4'

Tune Index

- 8 Christ, Be Our Light
- 16 Gather Us In
- 22 How Can I Keep from Singing
- 19 Hymn to Joy
- 38 Kelvingrove
- 26 O God, You Search Me
- 31 Shepherd Me
- 43 The Servant Song
- 5 Two Oaks
- 12 Union Seminary
- 34 Wondrous Love

My Life Flows On in Endless Song

I: Full to Mixture
II: Full to Reed 8'
Ped: Principals 16', 8'; I/Ped., II/Ped.

HOW CAN I KEEP FROM SINGING
setting, David Lasky

With muscular vigor, but not too fast ($\text{♩} = 94-98$)

The musical score for 'My Life Flows On in Endless Song' is written for organ. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'With muscular vigor, but not too fast ($\text{♩} = 94-98$)'. The score is in 4/4 time. The first system shows the right hand playing a melody with a forte dynamic (f) and the left hand providing a steady bass line. The second system includes a 'poco rall.' (slightly slower) marking and a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The third system includes an 'a tempo' marking. The fourth system continues the melody and bass line. The fifth system shows a change in the bass line. The sixth system continues the melody and bass line. The seventh system shows a change in the bass line. The eighth system continues the melody and bass line. The ninth system shows a change in the bass line. The tenth system continues the melody and bass line. The eleventh system shows a change in the bass line. The twelfth system continues the melody and bass line. The thirteenth system shows a change in the bass line. The fourteenth system continues the melody and bass line. The fifteenth system shows a change in the bass line. The sixteenth system continues the melody and bass line. The seventeenth system shows a change in the bass line. The eighteenth system continues the melody and bass line. The nineteenth system shows a change in the bass line. The twentieth system continues the melody and bass line. The twenty-first system shows a change in the bass line. The twenty-second system continues the melody and bass line. The twenty-third system shows a change in the bass line. The twenty-fourth system continues the melody and bass line. The twenty-fifth system shows a change in the bass line. The twenty-sixth system continues the melody and bass line. The twenty-seventh system shows a change in the bass line. The twenty-eighth system continues the melody and bass line. 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The ninety-sixth system continues the melody and bass line. The ninety-seventh system shows a change in the bass line. The ninety-eighth system continues the melody and bass line. The ninety-ninth system shows a change in the bass line. The hundredth system continues the melody and bass line.

Tune: Robert Lowry, 1826-1899

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Draw Us In: Organ Settings, by David Lasky, ISBN 978-1-5064-6609-5
Published by Augsburg Fortress. Printed in U.S.A.
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The musical score for 'How Can I Keep From Singing' is written for organ. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Somewhat broader'. The score is in 4/4 time. The first system shows the right hand playing a melody with a forte dynamic (ff) and the left hand providing a steady bass line. The second system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The third system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The fourth system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The fifth system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The sixth system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The seventh system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The eighth system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The ninth system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The tenth system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The eleventh system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. The twelfth system includes a 'Cresc.' (crescendo) marking. 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Joyful, Joyful We Adore Thee

I: Trumpet 8', (+ Principal 8')
II: Principals 8', 4', (2)
Ped: 16', 8'; II/Ped.

HYMN TO JOY
setting, David Lasky

Lively, but not too fast; well-marked (♩ = 104–108)

The musical score for 'Joyful, Joyful We Adore Thee' is written for organ. It features a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Lively, but not too fast; well-marked (♩ = 104–108)'. The score is divided into three systems. The first system begins with a forte (f) dynamic and a second ending bracket. The second system includes a first ending bracket and a fortissimo (ff) dynamic marking. The third system continues the melodic and harmonic development. The score is written for two staves, with various organ registrations indicated by Roman numerals and specific stops listed in the header.

Tune: Ludwig van Beethoven, 1770–1827, adapt.
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This block contains the continuation of the musical score for 'Joyful, Joyful We Adore Thee'. It consists of three systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings like 'f' and 'ff'. The score is designed for organ performance, with specific registrations indicated by Roman numerals and stop names. The key signature remains one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4.

Will You Let Me Be Your Servant

I: Solo stop
II: Flutes 8', 4', Strings 8'
Ped: Bourdons 16', 8'; II/Ped.

THE SERVANT SONG
setting, David Lasky

Gently flowing with much expression ($\text{♩} = 88-92$)

The musical score for 'Will You Let Me Be Your Servant' is written for organ. It begins with a tempo and expression marking of 'Gently flowing with much expression ($\text{♩} = 88-92$)'. The score is in 4/4 time and consists of three systems. The first system features a right-hand part (RH) with a melodic line and a left-hand part (LH) with a bass line. The second system includes a 'poco rit.' marking and a 'mf a tempo (II)' marking. The third system includes a 'poco rit.' marking and a 'mf a tempo (II)' marking. The score concludes with a final cadence in 4/4 time.

Tune: Richard Gillard, b. 1953; copyright © 1977 and this setting © 2020 Scripture In Song, admin. Capitol CMG Publishing.
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This block contains the continuation of the musical score for 'Will You Let Me Be Your Servant'. It consists of three systems of music. The first system includes a 'poco rit.' marking. The second system includes a 'mp a tempo' marking and a 'poco rit.' marking. The third system includes a 'mf a tempo (II)' marking and a 'poco rit.' marking. The score concludes with a final cadence in 4/4 time.



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Abide with Me
with opt. instrument

I: Solo stop or Instrumentalist
II: Flutes 8', 4'
Ped: 16', 8'

J. S. Bach, 1685–1750
ed. David N. Johnson

Poco largo; expressively and lyrically

“Bist du bei mir,” BWV 508

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Part extractions for C and B^b instruments can be found on page 182–183.

A Wedding Music Anthology: Fiftieth Anniversary Edition, David N. Johnson, ISBN 978-1-5064-6598-2

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Our Father in Heaven

VATER UNSER
setting, David N. Johnson

I

Tune: V. Schumann, *Geistliche Lieder*, 1539

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II





III



Voluntary
with opt. trumpet

I: Principals 8', 4', 2', Mixture (+Trumpet 8' in absence of Instrumentalist)
II: Principals 8', 4', 2', Mixture
Ped: 16', 8'; II/Ped.

John Stanley, 1712–1786
ed. David N. Johnson

With dignity

(opt. trumpet) +Tpt. -Tpt.

The first system of the musical score for 'Voluntary' with piano and optional trumpet parts. The piano part is in G major, 4/4 time, and features a detached melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The optional trumpet part is marked with a 'tr' (trill) and a 'mf' (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The system is divided into two measures, with the first measure marked 'I' and the second measure marked 'II'.

5 +Tpt.

The second system of the musical score for 'Voluntary' with piano and optional trumpet parts. The piano part continues the melody and bass line from the first system. The optional trumpet part is marked with a '+Tpt.' and a 'p' (piano) dynamic. The system is divided into two measures, with the first measure marked 'I' and the second measure marked 'II'.

10

The third system of the musical score for 'Voluntary' with piano and optional trumpet parts. The piano part continues the melody and bass line from the first system. The optional trumpet part is marked with a '+Tpt.' and a 'p' (piano) dynamic. The system is divided into two measures, with the first measure marked 'I' and the second measure marked 'II'.

From Op. 5, No. 1

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Part extractions for C and B♭ instruments can be found on page 196–197.

A Wedding Music Anthology: Fiftieth Anniversary Edition, David N. Johnson, ISBN 978-1-5064-6598-2

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15 tr -Tpt.

The fourth system of the musical score for 'Voluntary' with piano and optional trumpet parts. The piano part continues the melody and bass line from the first system. The optional trumpet part is marked with a '-Tpt.' and a 'p' (piano) dynamic. The system is divided into two measures, with the first measure marked 'I' and the second measure marked 'II'.

20 +Tpt.

The fifth system of the musical score for 'Voluntary' with piano and optional trumpet parts. The piano part continues the melody and bass line from the first system. The optional trumpet part is marked with a '+Tpt.' and a 'p' (piano) dynamic. The system is divided into two measures, with the first measure marked 'I' and the second measure marked 'II'.

25 tr -Tpt.

The sixth system of the musical score for 'Voluntary' with piano and optional trumpet parts. The piano part continues the melody and bass line from the first system. The optional trumpet part is marked with a '-Tpt.' and a 'p' (piano) dynamic. The system is divided into two measures, with the first measure marked 'I' and the second measure marked 'II'.

30 +Tpt.

The seventh system of the musical score for 'Voluntary' with piano and optional trumpet parts. The piano part continues the melody and bass line from the first system. The optional trumpet part is marked with a '+Tpt.' and a 'p' (piano) dynamic. The system is divided into two measures, with the first measure marked 'I' and the second measure marked 'II'.



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From **Fruit of the Spirit: Chorale Preludes for Organ** || 16

By David Evan Thomas, Published by Augsburg Fortress
978-1-5064-6613-2

Kindness

"Sowing seeds of kindness."

Sw: Flute 8'
Gt: Flute 8'; Sw/Gt.
Ch: Solo Reed
Ped: Soft 16', 8'

BRINGING IN THE SHEAVES
setting, David Evan Thomas

Andante con moto (♩ = 84)

Sw. *p*

Ch. *mp*
(Sw.) *p legato*

Tune: George A. Minor, 1845–1904

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riten. Gt. *p a tempo*

Ch. Sw.

rubato Gt. *più f a tempo*

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||  AUGSBURG FORTRESS

From **Fruit of the Spirit: Chorale Preludes for Organ** || 17

By David Evan Thomas, Published by Augsburg Fortress
978-1-5064-6613-2

Peace

"O Lord, now let your servant depart in heavenly peace."

Sw: Oboe 8'
Ch: Flutes 8', 4'
Ped: 16'; Ch/Ped.

KUORTANE
setting, David Evan Thomas

Moving gently (♩ = 84)

The first system of the musical score for 'Peace' is written for organ. It features a treble and bass staff. The treble staff begins with a melodic line marked 'Ch.' and 'mp' (mezzo-piano). The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment. The tempo is marked 'Moving gently (♩ = 84)' and the phrasing is 'sempre legato'.

Tune: Finnish folk tune

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The second system of the musical score continues the organ setting. It includes a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with accompaniment. The dynamics are marked 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The phrasing continues with 'sempre legato'.

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From **Fruit of the Spirit: Chorale Preludes for Organ** || 18

By David Evan Thomas, Published by Augsburg Fortress
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Harvest

"It is well with my soul."

Sw: Strings (Coupler 4)
Gt: Harmonic Flute
Ch: 8's; Sw/Ch.
Ped: 16', 8'; Sw/Ped. (Ch/Ped.)

VILLE DU HAVRE
setting, David Evan Thomas

Largo pensiero (♩ = 72)

sostenuto

p

pochiss. rall.

a tempo

Ch.

a tempo

Tune: Philip P. Bliss, 1838-1876
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mf

a tempo

-Ch/Ped.

sostenuto

a tempo

Gt.

Sereno

molto rall.

(Sw.)



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		54	Wondrous Love

Easter Hymn

I: Full with Reeds
II: Full with Reeds
Ped: Full

setting, Joe Cox

Exuberantly (♩ = 92)

The first system of the musical score for 'Easter Hymn' is in 4/4 time. It features three staves: a treble staff, a middle staff (labeled 'II'), and a bass staff. The treble staff begins with a whole rest, followed by a measure with a first ending bracket labeled 'I' containing a triad. The middle staff starts with a forte 'f' dynamic and a second ending bracket labeled 'II' containing a series of eighth notes. The bass staff is mostly empty, with a few notes in the final measure.

The second system continues the musical score. The treble staff has a series of chords and eighth notes. The middle staff continues with eighth notes. The bass staff has a whole note in the first measure, followed by two measures of whole notes.

The third system of the musical score. The treble staff features a mix of chords and eighth notes. The middle staff continues with eighth notes. The bass staff has a whole note in the first measure, followed by two measures of whole notes.

The fourth system of the musical score. The treble staff has a series of chords and eighth notes. The middle staff continues with eighth notes. The bass staff has a whole note in the first measure, followed by two measures of whole notes. The system ends with a 'rit.' (ritardando) marking and a final chord.

Tune: J. Walsh, *Lyra Davidica*, 1708

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Organ Miniatures: Hymn Introductions and Settings, by Joe Cox, ISBN 978-1-5064-6608-8
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From **Organ Miniatures: Hymn Introductions and Settings** || 21

By Joe Cox, published by Augsburg Fortress
978-1-5064-6608-8

McKee

I: Trumpet 8', Flutes 8', 4', 2'; II/I
II: Foundations 8', 4', 2'
Ped: Subbass 16', Principal 8'; II/Ped.

setting, Joe Cox

With rhythmic excitement (♩ = 100)

Measures 1-8 of the McKee hymn introduction. The score is in 4/4 time and features a piano introduction with a rhythmic excitement tempo. The melody is in the right hand, and the bass line is in the left hand. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score includes dynamic markings like *mf* and crescendo/decrescendo hairpins.

Measures 9-16 of the McKee hymn introduction. The score continues the piano introduction with a rhythmic excitement tempo. The melody is in the right hand, and the bass line is in the left hand. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score includes dynamic markings like *mf* and crescendo/decrescendo hairpins.

Tune: African American spiritual, adapt. Harry T. Burleigh, 1866-1949
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From **Organ Miniatures: Hymn Introductions and Settings** || 22

By Joe Cox, published by Augsburg Fortress

978-1-5064-6608-8

Gott sei Dank

I: Flutes 8', 4', 2-2/3', 2', Oboe 8'

II: Flutes 16', 8'

Ped: 16', 8'

setting, Joe Cox

Crisply articulated (♩ = 92)

The musical score is written for a four-part organ setting. It begins with a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a first finger (I) and a forte (f) dynamic marking. The bass staff has a first finger (I) and a forte (f) dynamic marking. The score is in 4/4 time and features a variety of musical notations, including eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes. The piece concludes with a final chord in the treble staff and a final note in the bass staff.

Tune: J. A. Freylinghausen, *Geistreiches Gesangbuch*, 1704

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From **Oh, How Joyfully: Carols from Austria and Germany for Flute and Keyboard** || 24

By Robert J. Powell, published by Augsburg Fortress

978-1-5064-6611-8

The Shadows Are Falling

ES WIRD SCHO GLEI DUMPA
setting, Robert J. Powell

Andantino (♩ = 88)

Flute

First system of musical notation for 'The Shadows Are Falling'. It features a Flute part and a Keyboard part. The Flute part begins with a whole rest, followed by a half note G4, a quarter note A4, and a half note Bb4. The Keyboard part begins with a half note G3, a quarter note A3, and a half note Bb3. The tempo is marked Andantino (♩ = 88) and the dynamics are marked p.

Second system of musical notation for 'The Shadows Are Falling'. The Flute part continues with a half note C5, a quarter note D5, and a half note E5. The Keyboard part continues with a half note C4, a quarter note D4, and a half note E4. The dynamics are marked p.

Third system of musical notation for 'The Shadows Are Falling'. The Flute part continues with a half note F5, a quarter note G5, and a half note A5. The Keyboard part continues with a half note F3, a quarter note G3, and a half note A3. The dynamics are marked mp.

Part extractions can be found on pages 49–51.
Tune: Austrian carol
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Fourth system of musical notation for 'The Shadows Are Falling'. The Flute part continues with a half note Bb4, a quarter note C5, and a half note D5. The Keyboard part continues with a half note Bb3, a quarter note C4, and a half note D4. The dynamics are marked p.

Fifth system of musical notation for 'The Shadows Are Falling'. The Flute part continues with a half note E5, a quarter note F5, and a half note G5. The Keyboard part continues with a half note E4, a quarter note F4, and a half note G4. The dynamics are marked rit. and mp.

Sixth system of musical notation for 'The Shadows Are Falling'. The Flute part continues with a half note A5, a quarter note Bb5, and a half note C6. The Keyboard part continues with a half note A4, a quarter note Bb4, and a half note C5. The dynamics are marked mp.

Come Running, You Shepherds

O LAUFET, IHR HIRTEN
setting, Robert J. Powell

Allegro (♩ = 120)

Flute

Part extractions can be found on pages 31–33.

Tune: Silesian carol

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From **Oh, How Joyfully: Carols from Austria and Germany for Flute and Keyboard** || 26

By Robert J. Powell, published by Augsburg Fortress

978-1-5064-6611-8

Oh, How Joyfully

SICILIAN MARINERS
O DU FRÖHLICHE
setting, Robert J. Powell

Allegretto (♩ = 86)

Flute

Musical score for Flute and Keyboard, measures 1-10. The Flute part begins with a melodic line in D major, 3/4 time, marked *mf*. The Keyboard part provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines in both hands.

Part extractions can be found on pages 40–42.

Tune: Sicilian, 18th cent.

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Musical score for Flute and Keyboard, measures 11-30. The Flute part continues with a melodic line, and the Keyboard part provides harmonic support. The score includes measure numbers 16, 21, 25, and 30.

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From **Four by Four Christmas: Carols for Piano and Four Ringers** || 27

By Anne Krentz, published by Augsburg Fortress

978-1-5064-6610-1

How Great Our Joy!

3 octaves
Handbells used: 10



JÜNGST
setting, Anne Krentz Organ

$\text{♩} = 88$

Tune: Traditional German melody, arr. Hugo Jüngst, 1853–1923

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Four by Four Christmas: Carols for Piano and Four Ringers, by Anne Krentz Organ, ISBN 978-1-5064-6610-1
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From **Four by Four Christmas: Carols for Piano and Four Ringers** || 28

By Anne Krentz, published by Augsburg Fortress

978-1-5064-6610-1

Still, Still, Still

3 octaves
Handbells used: 8



STILL, STILL, STILL
setting, Anne Krentz Organ

$\text{♩} = 82$

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

mp *mf* *mp*

Tune: Austrian carol

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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

mf *mp* *f* *mf*



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to Amy and James Womble
He Leadeth Me: Oh, Blessed Thought!

HE LEADETH ME
setting, Greg Bottomley

Freely (♩ = 92)

Red. ad lib.

Steady (♩ = 120)

Tune: William B. Bradbury, 1816–1868

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Piano Sunday Morning, Volume 3, by Greg Bottomley, ISBN 978-1-5064-6607-1
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to Tamara and Bob Ladich

Variations on Jacob's Ladder

JACOB'S LADDER
setting, Greg Bottomley

Freely (♩ = 100)
Variation 1

p
ad lib.

mf

Andante (♩ = 96)
Variation 2

mp
mf

Tune: African American spiritual

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Piano Sunday Morning, Volume 3, by Greg Bottomley, ISBN 978-1-5064-6607-1
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f

mf

Bridge

f

mp

Allegro (♩ = 144)
Variation 3

mf rit.



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Coventry Carol

COVENTRY CAROL
setting, John Turner

Andante (♩ = 96)

Tune: English carol, 16th cent.

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A Gentle Christmas: Piano Carols, by John Turner, ISBN 978-1-5064-6614-9
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Sweet Blessed Child

John Turner

Gently (♩ = 92)

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We Three Kings

THREE KINGS OF ORIENT
setting, John Turner

Allegro (♩ = 132)

p
legato
f
tr
a tempo
p
mp
rall.
mf bring out melody
mp

Tune: John Henry Hopkins, Jr., 1820–1891
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A Gentle Christmas: Piano Carols, by John Turner, ISBN 978-1-5064-6614-9
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f
mp
rall.
mf *a tempo*
f
mf
 % = %



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Christ lag in Todesbanden

Christ Lay in Death's Bonds

About the Bach Cantata Source:

Christ lag in Todesbanden (**Christ lay in death's bonds**), BWV 4, is one of Bach's earliest cantatas, possibly from 1707. It was written for Easter Sunday, on the text of the same name by Martin Luther (1483–1546). The tune was developed by Luther and Johann Walther (1496–1570) and is

believed to be based on the Easter Sequence in the Catholic liturgy, *Victimae paschali laudes*. The third movement is scored for violins, tenor, and continuo and is based on the third stanza of the hymn:

Christ lag in Todesbanden

Je - sus Chri - stus, Got - tes Sohn, an un - ser Statt ist kom - men
und hat die Sün - de weg - ge - tan, da - mit dem Tod ge - nom - men

all sein Recht und sein Ge-walt, da blei-bet nichts denn Tods-ge-stalt, den Stachl hat er ver - lo - ren.

*Jesus Christ, God's son,
has come to our place
and has put aside our sins,
and in this way from death has taken
all his rights and his power;
here remains nothing but death's outward form;
it has lost its sting.
Alleluia! (Verse 3, Francis Browne, 2005)*

Between the *Bach-Gesellschaft Ausgabe* and the *Neue Bach-Ausgabe*, there were two note differences. In measure 25, the continuo has a C-sharp in the fourth group of sixteenth notes in the BG and C-natural in the NBA. A look at the Bach Digital Archive appears to show that the C-sharp is present in the autograph. In measure 37, the BG has a G-sharp in the third group of sixteenths in the violins followed by a G-natural. In the fourth beat, the NBA shows both to be natural. The Bach Digital appears to show both being G-sharps.

Christ lag in Todesbanden

Christ Lay in Death's Bonds

I: Principals 8', 4', Superoctave 2'
II: Trumpet 8'
Ped: Subbass 16', Spielflöte 8', Choralbass 4'

J. S. Bach, 1685–1750
ed. Marilyn Biery

$\text{♩} = 72-76$

Tune: Developed by Martin Luther, 1483–1546 and Johann Walther, 1496–1570, probably based on the *Victimae paschali laudes*.

Source: *Christ lag in Todesbanden*, BWV 4

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Ten Organ Chorales in the Schübler Tradition, ed. Marilyn Biery, ISBN 978-1-5064-6921-8

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From **Ten Organ Chorales in the Schübler Tradition** || 39

Ed. by Marilyn Bieryl, published by Augsburg Fortress

Organ, 978-1-5064-6921-8

Organ, 978-1-5064-6921-8

Lobe den Herren, den mächtigen König der Ehren

Praise the Lord, the Mighty King of Honor

About the Bach Cantata Source:

Lobe den Herren, den mächtigen König der Ehren (Praise the Lord, the mighty king of honor), BWV 137, was composed for the twelfth Sunday after Trinity and first performed in Leipzig in 1725. It is based on the hymn by Joachim Neander (1650–1680), a German Reformed Church teacher, theologian, and hymn writer. This is Neander's most remembered hymn, and, having been translated numerous times into English, has appeared in most hymnals. The second movement of this cantata

was included in Bach's Schübler Chorales. In this fourth movement, the C major cantus firmus is presented firmly in A minor.

In this aria, for tenor, trumpet, and continuo, the cantus firmus is played by the trumpet. The following is the tune with the fourth verse, which is the verse Bach used for the tenor material:

Lobe den Herren, den mächtigen König der Ehren



Lo - be den Her - ren, der dei - nen Stand sicht - bar ge - seg - net,
 der aus dem Him - mel mit Strö - men der Lie - be ge - reg - net;
 den - ke dran, was der All - mäch - ti - ge kann, der die mit Lie - be be - geg - net.

*Praise the Lord, who has clearly blessed your position,
 who from heaven has rained down streams of love upon you;
 think about
 what the Almighty can do,
 who meets you with his love. (Verse 4, Francis Browne, 2011)*

Lobe den Herren, den mächtigen König der Ehren

Praise the Lord, the Mighty King of Honor

I: Bourdon 16', Rohrflöte 8', Octave 4'
 II: Gedackt 8', Principal 4', Octave 2', Larigot 1-1/3'
 Ped: Clarion 4' (or III Clarion 4' coupled to Ped.)

J. S. Bach, 1685–1750
 ed. Marilyn Bieryl

♩ = 72–76

Tune: Unknown
 Source: *Lobe den Herren, den mächtigen König der Ehren*, BWV 137
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From **Ten Organ Chorales in the Schübler Tradition** || 42

Ed. by Marilyn Bieryl, published by Augsburg Fortress

Organ, 978-1-5064-6921-8

The first system of musical notation for Organ Chorale 42. It consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef and contains a melody of eighth and quarter notes. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains a complex accompaniment with many sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains whole rests.

The second system of musical notation for Organ Chorale 42. It consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melody. The middle staff continues the complex accompaniment. The bottom staff contains a simple bass line with quarter and eighth notes.

The third system of musical notation for Organ Chorale 42. It consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melody. The middle staff continues the complex accompaniment. The bottom staff contains a simple bass line with quarter and eighth notes.

Valet will ich dir geben

I want to bid you Farewell

About the Bach Cantata Source:

Christus, der ist mein Leben (Christ is my life), BWV 95, was composed for the sixteenth Sunday after Trinity and first performed in Leipzig in 1723. The third movement, based on *Valet will ich dir geben* by Valerius Herberger (1562–1627), is scored for oboe d’amores, soprano, and continuo. The preceding soprano recitative leads immediately into the chorale without any pause between movements or ritornello introduction.

The chorale uses the first verse of the text, with the melody composed by Melchior Teschner (1584–1635). The following is a representation of the melody as it may have looked in hymnals of the seventeenth century:

Valet will ich dir geben



Va - let will ich dir ge - ben, du ar - ge, fal - sche Welt,
dein sünd - lich bö - ses Le - ben durch - aus mir nicht ge - fällt.

Im Him - mel ist gut woh - nen, hin - auf steht mein Be - gier.

Da wird Gott e - wig loh - nen dem, der ihm dient all - hier.

*I want to bid you farewell,
you evil, false world;
your sinful, wicked life
it is not all pleasing to me.
In heaven it is good to dwell,
my longing is set on what is above.
There God will reward forever
the person who serves him here. (Verse 1, Francis Browne, 2012)*

Bach wrote two substantial organ settings of this tune, BWV 735 in B-flat major and BWV 736 in D major. This shorter setting pairs well with BWV 735, hence the decision to change the key from D major in the cantata to B-flat for the organ chorale. The key of B-flat also places the cantus firmus in a more central position on the pedalboard.

Valet will ich dir geben

I Want to Bid You Farewell

I: Bourdon 16', Rohrflöte 8', Octave 4'
II: Gedackt 8', Rohrflöte 4', Octave 2', Larigot 1-1/3'
Ped: Clarion 4' (or III Clarion 4' coupled to Ped.)

J. S. Bach, 1685–1750
ed. Marilyn Biery

♩ = 76–84

The musical score is written for three staves. The top staff (I) is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat and a 3/4 time signature. It begins with a whole rest. The middle staff (II) is in bass clef and begins with a half note G2, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff (Ped) is in bass clef and begins with a whole note G2, followed by a series of whole notes. The score includes a tempo marking of 76-84 and a key signature of one flat.

Tune: Melchior Teschner, 1584–1635
Source: *Christus, der ist mein Leben*, BWV 95
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Organ, 978-1-5064-6921-8

The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It contains six measures of music, including a trill marked *sim.* in the fourth measure. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains six measures of music. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains six measures of music, primarily consisting of whole and half notes.

The second system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats. It contains six measures of music. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains six measures of music. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains six measures of music, primarily consisting of whole and half notes.

The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats. It contains six measures of music. The middle staff is in bass clef and contains six measures of music. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains six measures of music, primarily consisting of whole and half notes.

Trumpet Tune in D

I: Principals
II: Trumpet 8'
Ped: Principals

David N. Johnson

Moderato

II

f slightly detached

I

legato

I Princ. chorus

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II: Trumpet

I

Princ. chorus


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