## mipi DEVCON VIRTUAL EVENT

The Story Behind the MIPI I3C HCI<sup>™</sup> Driver for Linux

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#### What is Linux?

What does "Linux" refer to?

- A complete system (distribution)
- An Operating System (OS)
- A kernel



#### What is Linux?

Linux development is:

- Organically grown, not "designed"
- Driven by code contributors
- Not dictated by anyone in particular
- Peer reviewed in the open



#### Why Linux?

*Linux* is a compelling choice

- Large developer community
- Best looked-after network stack
- Extensive storage options
- Scalable from embedded IoT device to supercomputers
- All-around very popular and widely used

Providing MIPI I3C HCI support for Linux is a good strategy



#### What is Linux?

*Linux* is an untraditional choice:

- Freely obtainable
- Freely modifiable

#### BUT

• Modifications to GPL-licensed source code must be made available

People contribute their changes back to main Linux:

- To simplify their GPL obligations
- To lower their maintenance cost
- To benefit from Linux's distribution channels



#### The MIPI I3C Host Controller Interface

Standardized interface between software and hardware allows for:

- Common software driver
- Reduced software effort
- Sharing the cost of non-differentiating development



#### The MIPI I3C Host Controller Interface

The I3C HCI specification is:

- Comprehensive
- Extensive
- Versioned



#### The MIPI I3C Host Controller Interface

Comparison between existing drivers in their current state

Driver	# of lines
Synopsys DesignWare I3C	1219
Silvaco I3C master	1349
Cadence I3C master	1689
MIPI I3C HCI	4093

 Table 1. Lines of code for various I3C Host Controller Drivers

The MIPI I3C HCI design covers a lot more ground



#### The MIPI I3C Host Controller Interface

Yet, support is still incomplete.

Some of the unsupported MIPI I3C HCI features:

- Auto-commands
- Scheduled commands
- Master role handoff

Important changes to the Linux I3C subsystem is required before those features can be accommodated



#### The Linux I3C subsystem structure

There are 3 layers:

- Host Controller (hardware) drivers
- The I3C subsystem (common) layer
- Device (or function) drivers



#### The Linux I3C subsystem structure

Host Controller (hardware) drivers:

- Discovers and initializes controller hardware
- Implements hardware abstraction for the I3C subsystem
- Performs low-level requests from the I3C subsystem
- Signals hardware events to the I3C subsystem



#### The Linux I3C subsystem structure

The I3C subsystem (common) layer:

- Manages registration of host controller and function drivers
- Collects info about discovered device and configures them
- Connects device instances with appropriate function driver
- Provides a library of helpers for common driver tasks



#### The Linux I3C subsystem structure

The device (or function) driver:

- Concerns itself with functionality of a single device (camera, storage, etc.)
- Is host controller agnostic
- Gets involved only when matched to an actual device instance by the I3C subsystem

Only driver currently in mainline Linux:

• STMicroelectronics LSM6DSx 6-axis IMU sensors



#### The Linux I3C subsystem structure

Function driver interface currently provided by the I3C subsystem:

- Register/Unregister for a device
- Perform private read and/or write data transfers
- Register for receiving IBI's



#### The Linux I3C subsystem structure

Needed extensions to the Linux I3C subsystem:

- IBI interface extension for auto-commands
- Interface for scheduled commands
- Allow for time stamped IBI's
- Device private CCC's
- Bus mastership handoff handling

Involvement from interested parties is required



#### Linux development model peculiarities

Common wisdom with regards to Linux development:

- There are no stable API's in the kernel
- A new API must have at least one in-tree user
- Never over-engineer an API, because...
- There are no stable API's in the kernel

Those are more reasons why people contribute their code to the main Linux source code



#### Conclusion

Considerations for future work:

- The MIPI I3C HCI driver's core structure is done
- Further HCl support require I3C subsystem extensions
- New I3C subsystem extensions require example usage from function drivers
- More function drivers are sorely needed



## **Questions?**

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# THANK YOU

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